Loss Assessment Coverage Tips

properties with shared ownership, such as homeowner and residential and commercial condominium associations, see special challenges for unit owners and their insurance impairies. Damage to property in common areas in such association may end up being the responsibility of the it owner. Loss assessment coverage can help in these see, but it has limitations. Heigeng clients understand the implestities and providing proper coverage when dealing the shared ownership properties, is another value-added rvice of the professional insurance agent. Condominium/townhouse and homeowner association

Condominim/townhouse and homeowork association are varieties and agents alike, revenge requirements for various building and common openty items in these shared ownership situations is annatured by provisions of the matter deed and bylavn. These understanding the provisions of the matter deed and bylavn. These understanding the provisions of the matter deed and bylavn. These distributions are provided that the provision of the matter deed and bylavn. These distributions are provided to the provision of the matter deed and bylavn. These distributions are designed to the provision of the provisio

Unit owners pp a monthly fee to the association to ver such thing as insurance and maintenance. Wellamaged associations have adequate insurance and reserves cover most losses. Loss assessment does not respond to intenance or upkeep costs, such as roof replacement day age of rafilare to budget enough money for snow need kewise, loss assessment may not respond to uninsured bility events.

In recent years, many associations have increased adutibles on their master policies to sear on insurance sts. It is important to note that loss assessment coverage pically includes a cape, often \$2,000, for assessments for a steep rolley deductible. While some insurance companies for higher limits of loss assessment coverage to manage util mere risk of higher deductible, out sill do. In addition, loss



assessment applies only to losses that were covered, or would have been covered without the deductible, under the master policy. If the loss is caused by an excluded peril, such as flood, loss assessment coverage does not apply.

Physical damage to common property is not the only time loss assessment coverage comes into play. Liability exposures – brought about by injuries that happen in the common areas – can also trigger a loss assessment. Coverage for both property and liability loss assessments should be parchased. It may not be an option for unit owners to purchased building coverage to address those gaps. If the unit owner does not own the building, and is not responsible for insuring it, the policy may not respond. It is essential to discuss with the insurance company prior to a loss how the policy will apply in such cases.

When considering condominium and homeowners associations, It is essential for agents and policyholders to understand the unique exposures and how to address them. Helping clients navigate the puzzle and ensure proper coverage is another sign of the true insurance professional.

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Glen Rock, NJ 07452

(800) 935-6900 | www.msonet.com